

Basavarajeswari Group of Institutions  
**BALLARI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & MANAGEMENT**  
 (Autonomous Institute under Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belagavi)

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Course Code 

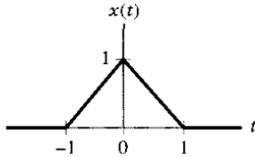
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Third Semester B.E. Degree Examinations, September/October 2024  
**BASIC SIGNAL PROCESSING**

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

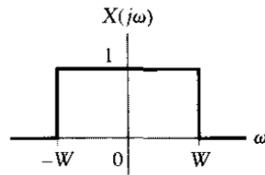
Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.  
 2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed

<u>Q. No</u>	<u>Question</u>	<u>Marks</u>	<u>(RBTL:CO:PI)</u>
<b>MODULE – 1</b>			
1.	a. Define Signal and System. Explain them with at least two examples each.	06	(1 : 1 : 1.3.1)
	b. Determine whether the signals are periodic or not. If periodic, find its period.	08	(2 : 1 : 2.1.3)
	(i) $x(n) = \sin(145\pi n) + \cos(170n)$ (ii) $x(t) = 4\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{100}t\right) + 2\cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{180}t\right)$		
	c. Write the MATLAB program to plot cosine signal $x(n)$ , where	06	(3 : 1 : 5.1.1)
	$x(n) = \cos(\Omega n) \quad 0 \leq n \leq 20$ and $\Omega = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .		
<b>OR</b>			
2.	a. Derive expression for even and odd part of signal $x(t)$ when	06	(1 : 1 : 1.3.1)
	$x(t) = x_e(t) + x_o(t)$ .		
	b. For the signal $x(t)$ shown in Fig. Q2 (b), sketch the following signals.	08	(2 : 1 : 2.1.3)
	(i) $y(t) = x(3t - 2)$ (ii) $y(t) = x\left(\frac{t}{3}\right)$		
			
	<b>Fig. Q2(b)</b>		
	c. Write the MATLAB program to find $y(t) = x_1(t) + x_2(t)$ where	06	(3 : 1 : 5.1.1)
	$x_1(t) = \cos(5t)$ and $x_2(t) = \sin(2t)$ . Plot output $y(t)$ .		
<b>MODULE – 2</b>			
3.	a. State and prove commutative and distributive property of convolution.	06	(1 : 2 : 2.1.3)
	b. Evaluate the convolution sequence $y(n)$ , when	07	(2 : 2 : 1.3.1)
	$y(n) = \alpha^n u(n) * \beta^n u(n) \quad  \alpha  < 1,  \beta  < 1$ .		
	c. Write the MATLAB program to find convolution of $y(n) = x(n) * h(n)$	07	(3 : 2 : 5.1.1)
	when $x(n) = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $h(n) = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$		
<b>OR</b>			

4. a. Explain the properties of LTI system in terms of impulse response  $h(n)$  or  $h(t)$ . **06** (1 : 2 : 2.1.3)  
 (i) Stability (ii)Memory  
 b. Investigate causality, stability and memory of the LTI System. **07** (2 : 2 : 1.3.1)  
 $h(n) = 2^n u(n-1)$   
 c. Write the MATLAB program to find whether given system is linear or not when  $x_1(t) = u(t) - u(t-1)$  and  $x_2(t) = u(t) - u(t-2)$  be input signals to the system described by the input/output relationships  $y(t) = x^2(t)$ . **07** (3 : 2 : 5.1.1)

**MODULE – 3**

5. a. Find the signal  $x(t)$  corresponding to the spectrum shown in Fig Q5(a). **07** (1 : 3 : 2.1.3)



**Fig. Q5 (a).**

- b. State and prove the time differentiation of CTFT. **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)  
 c. Write the MATLAB Program to find Fourier transform of  $x(t) = 2 \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$ . Width = 2. Plot its spectrum  $X(j\omega)$ . **07** (3 : 3 : 5.1.1)

**OR**

6. a. Determine the Fourier transform of the signum function  $x(t) = \text{sgn}(t)$ . Draw the magnitude and phase spectra. **07** (1 : 3 : 2.1.3)  
 b. State and prove the modulation property of CTFT. **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)  
 c. Write the MATLAB program to perform amplitude modulation when message signal  $m(t) = \sin(2\pi t)$  and  $c(t) = \sin(10\pi t)$ . **07** (3 : 3 : 5.1.1)

**MODULE – 4**

7. a. Determine the DTFT of the following signals **08** (1 : 3 : 2.1.3)  
 (i)  $x(n) = a^n \sin(\Omega_0 n) u(n)$  (ii)  $x(n) = u(n) - u(n-6)$   
 b. State and prove linearity property of DTFT. **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)  
 c. Using appropriate properties, find the DTFT of signal  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n-2)$ . **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)

**OR**

8. a. Find the inverse DTFT of  $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \frac{6}{e^{-j2\Omega} - 5e^{-j\Omega} + 6}$  **08** (1 : 3 : 2.1.3)  
 b. State and prove time shift property of DTFT. **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)  
 c. Determine the time domain signal corresponding to DTFT  $X(e^{j\Omega}) = \cos^2(\Omega)$  **06** (2 : 3 : 1.3.1)

**MODULE – 5**

9. a. Define ROC. Explain the properties of ROC with examples. **06** (1 : 4 : 1.3.1)

**b.** Find the Z-transform of the following signals and indicate their ROC **08** (2 :4 : 2.1.3)

(i)  $x(n) = u(n)$  (ii)  $x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$

**c.** Find the inverse Z-transform for the given  $X(z) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}}{1 + \frac{3}{4}z^{-1} + \frac{1}{8}z^{-2}}$ ; **06** (2 :4 : 2.1.3)

$$|z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

**OR**

**10. a.** State and prove differentiation property in Z –domain. **06** (1 :4 : 1.3.1)

**b.** A causal LTI system has  $x(n)$  and  $y(n)$  are the input and output respectively. **08** (2 :4 : 2.1.3)

(i) Find the Transfer function  $H(Z)$  (ii) Find the impulse response  $h(n)$

if  $x(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4}\delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}\delta(n-2)$ ,  $y(n) = \delta(n) - \frac{3}{4}\delta(n-1)$ .

**c.** Find the Z-transform of the signal using appropriate property. **06** (2 :4 : 2.1.3)

$$x(n) = n \left[ \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) * \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) \right]$$

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