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Course Code 

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| 2 | 2 | B | E | E | 2 | 3 |
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Second Semester B.E. Degree Examinations, Sept/Oct-2023

**BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Duration: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

*Note: 1. Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing ONE full question from each module.  
2. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed*

| <u>Q. No</u>             | <u>Question</u>   | <u>Marks</u> | <u>(RBTL:CO:PI)</u> |
|--------------------------|---|--------------|---------------------|
| <b><u>MODULE – 1</u></b> |   |              |                     |
|                          | a. Explain the operation of a <b>P-N junction</b> diode under forward and reverse bias condition with <b>V-I characteristics</b> .  | <b>8</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
| 1.                       | b. With relevant equations explain <b>DC-Load Line</b> Analysis of a diode.   | <b>6</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
|                          | c. With a neat circuit diagram and waveform, explain the operation of center tapped <b>Full wave</b> rectifier.   | <b>6</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
| <b>OR</b>                |   |              |                     |
|                          | a. Describe the working of a <b>RC-<math>\pi</math> filter</b> for a Full Wave rectifier with neat diagram and necessary waveforms.   | <b>8</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
|                          | b. Explain how <b>Zener diode</b> can be used as a <b>voltage regulator</b> with load and no load.  | <b>6</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
| 2.                       | c. A diode with <b>V<sub>f</sub> = 0.7V</b> is connected as a half-wave rectifier. The load resistance is <b>500<math>\Omega</math></b> , and the rms AC input is <b>22V</b> . Determine the following<br>i) Peak output voltage ( <b>V<sub>po</sub></b> ).<br>ii) Peak Load Current ( <b>I<sub>p</sub></b> ).<br>iii) Diode peak reverse Voltage ( <b>PIV</b> ). | <b>6</b>     | (2:1:1.3.1)         |
| <b><u>MODULE – 2</u></b> |   |              |                     |
|                          | a. Draw the symbols for <b>npn</b> and <b>pnp</b> transistors and explain the terminal voltages and currents of a transistor.   | <b>6</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |
| 3.                       | b. Explain the <b>Common Emitter</b> configuration of a <b>BJT</b> with an <b>input and output VI-characteristics</b>   | <b>8</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |
|                          | c. Explain concept of DC Biasing of Transistor.   | <b>6</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |
| <b>OR</b>                |   |              |                     |
|                          | a. Draw the symbols and Structure of the following:<br>i) N-Channel JFET<br>ii) N-Channel <b>Enhancement-MOSFET</b>   | <b>6</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |
| 4.                       | iii) N-Channel <b>Depletion –MOSFET</b>   |              |                     |
|                          | b. Explain the operation of <b>JFET</b> with a neat diagram.  | <b>6</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |
|                          | c. Explain the operation of <b>Enhancement-MOSFET</b> and Draw its Drain & Transfer characteristics.  | <b>8</b>     | (2:2:1.3.1)         |

**MODULE – 3**

5. a. Explain the block diagram of a Typical Op-Amp. 6 (2:3:1.3.1)  
b. Define the following parameters. 8 (2:3:1.3.1)  
a)CMRR b)Slew Rate c)Input Offset Voltage d) Input Bias current  
c. List the Characteristics of Ideal Op-Amp. 6 (2:3:1.3.1)

**OR**

6. a. Explain Op-Amp as a Voltage-Follower. 6 (2:3:1.3.1)  
b. Explain Op-Amp as an Integrator and Differentiator. 8 (2:3:1.3.1)  
c. Explain different Op-Amp Configurations with a neat circuit diagram. 6 (2:3:1.3.1)

**MODULE – 4**

- a. Convert following into other number system **010010.101100(2)** 6 (3:4:1.3.1)  
b. Write the procedure steps of Subtraction with 2's Complement, and Using 2's Compliment subtract **1010100(2)-1000100(2)** 6 (3:4:1.3.1)  
7. c. Convert the following expressions into **Canonical** forms: 8 (3:4:1.3.1)  
i)  $f(A,B,C)=AC+AB+BC$   
ii)  $F(A,B,C)=(A+B).(B+C).(A+C)$

**OR**

- a. Define **SOP** and **POS**, and write the **expression** along with **minterm** and **Maxterm** for the given Truth Table. 6 (3:4:1.3.1)

| A | B | Y |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

8. b. Draw the **Symbols** and **Truth Table** for all **Logic Gates** 8 (2:4: 1.3.1)  
c. Design and Draw **Full-Adder** Circuit using **Logic Gates**. 6 (3:4:1.3.1)

**MODULE – 5**

- a. Explain the **Elements** of a **Embedded System**. 8 (2:5: 1.3.1)  
9. b. Explain the **Classification of Embedded System** with a neat diagram. 6 (2:5: 1.3.1)  
c. List the Difference between **Embedded systems Vs General Computing System**. 6 (2:5: 1.3.1)

**OR**

- a. Explain the Block Diagram of **Communication System**. 8 (2:5: 1.3.1)  
10. b. Explain the different types of **Modulation Techniques**. 6 (2:5: 1.3.1)  
c. List out the Difference between **Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller**. 6 (2:5: 1.3.1)

\*\* \*All The Best\* \*\*